

Спряжение глагола to have в Present Simple

Present Simple

to have positive

I have

You have

We have

They have

He has

She has

It has

to have neagative

I do not have

You do not have

We do not have

They do not have

He does not have

She does not have

It does not have

to have interrogative

Do I have?

Do you have?

Do we have?

Do they have?

Does he have?

Does she have?

Does it have?

EnglishMix.ru

THE VERB 'TO HAVE'

THE VERB 'TO HAVE' IN THE PRESENT INDEFINITE TENSE

	POSITIVE FORM				NEGATIVE FORM			QUESTIONS		
ı	have	(got)	(I've got)	1	have	not got	Have	t	got?	
You	have	(got)	(you've got)	You	have	not got	Have	you	got?	
He She It	has has has	(got) (got) (got)	(he's got) (she's got) (it's got)	He She It	has has has	not got not got not got	Has Has Has	he she it	got? got? got?	
We You They	have	(got) (got) (got)	(you've got)	We You They	have have have	not got not got not got	Have Have	we you they	got? got? got?	

have not got = haven't got has not got = hasn't got

- "to have got" и "to has got" имеют оттенок не типичности выполнения действия или связаны с понятием "now".
- E.g. (Usually) I have a cup of tea for breakfast in the morning, but I haven't got a cup of tea for breakfast this morning.
- ▶ NB!!! I've got something in my eye в данном примере использование обычного "have" некорректно, у вас ведь постоянно в глазу не может находится соринка, поэтому "to have got" оптимальный вариант.
- Или еще один такой пример: He has got a toothache.
- в разговорной речи конструкции "to have got" и "to has got" используются в значении "I own (possess)"
- E.g. I've got a cat, but I haven't got a dog.
- в британском варианте английского "to have got" и "to has got" используются в разговорной речи, т.к. "have+ do/does" имеет некий оттенок официальности, тогда как в американской версии "have+ do/does" звучит универсально.
- E.g. Have you got a light?
- The Prime Minister has a meeting with the President today.